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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/866,021	05/23/2001	Boris I. Yakobson	5051-416DV	6193
20792	7590 05/20/2003			
MYERS BI	GEL SIBLEY & SAJ	EXAMINER		
PO BOX 37428 RALEIGH, NC 27627			LISH, PETER J	
,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1754	17
			DATE MAILED: 05/20/2003	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Advisory Action	09/866,021	YAKOBSON, BORIS I.
•	Examiner	Art Unit
	Peter J Lish	1754
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
THE REPLY FILED 07 May 2003 FAILS TO PLACE TH Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1 condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appea Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	void abandonment of this applica i) a timely filed amendment whic	ation. A proper reply to a hplaces the application in
PERIOD FOR R	EPLY [check either a) or b)]	
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing by The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WA 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Off	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth later than SIX MONTHS from the mailin S FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF The date on which the petition under 37 CF of extension and the corresponding amount of the shortened statutory period for reply	g date of the final rejection. HE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP R 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension out of the fee. The appropriate extension originally set in the final Office action; or
 1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CF 	s Brief must be filed within the pe	
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:	
(a) X they raise new issues that would require furth	er consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);
(b) 🔀 they raise the issue of new matter (see Note	below);	
(c) they are not deemed to place the application issues for appeal; and/or	in better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or simplifying the
(d) they present additional claims without cancel	ing a corresponding number of f	inally rejected claims.
NOTE: language differs from dependent claim 2	9. Claim 29 is also not canceled.	
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection	tion(s):	
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 	l be allowable if submitted in a se	eparate, timely filed amendment
5. ☑ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☑ request for application in condition for allowance because: of		
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered bed raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	cause it is not directed SOLELY t	o issues which were newly
7 For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendmen explanation of how the new or amended claims w		
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		
Claim(s) allowed:		
Claim(s) objected to:		
Claim(s) rejected:		
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		·
8. The proposed drawing correction filed on is	a) approved or b) disapp	roved by the Examiner.
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Stateme	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	1/L)
	STUART L. HE	NDRICKSON EXAMINER

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Application/Control Number: 09/866,021

Art Unit: 1754

Applicant's arguments filed 05/05/2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that the Charlier reference proposes only single defect pairs and does not teach or suggest a dipole of these defects, examiner holds that Charlier teaches that the defects can result in an increase or a decrease in the tube diameter, depending on the orientation. Charlier also teaches that these defects exist in opposed relationship to one another. Figure 1 (IIb and IIIb) shows nanotubes with 3 distinct sections, and while they may not specifically show the defects in an opposed relationship, this does not exclude an opposed orientation. Thus, although Charlier is not primarily concerned with a dipole structure, it is clearly suggested that nanotubes containing a pentagon-heptagon and heptagon-pentagon defect arranged in an opposed, spaced apart relationship occur naturally in raw nanotube samples.

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). Firstly, an argument of hindsight reasoning does not overcome a rejection based on the inherency of a property to a structure. Secondly, examiner maintains that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of invention that the modified structure propagates beween the defects, as the defects are the cause of the modified lattice structure.